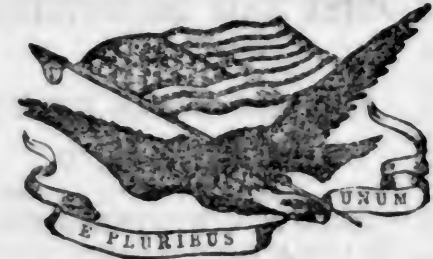


Kentucky



Tribune

Devoted to

News, Politics, Literature, Internal Imp

robement and General Information.

DANVILLE, KY., FRIDAY MORNING,

WHOLE NO. 680.

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THE TRIBUNE.

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TERMS.

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No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISING.

For each square of 12 lines or less, first insertion, \$1 00
Each additional insertion, 25
Loss and Procession Notices, each, 1 50
Announcing a candidate for any office, 1 00
Continuing same until election, 1 00
Announcement made to be paid in advance.
A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers.
Advertisements of a personal character, charged double.
Notices of Religious and Public Meetings, Marriages and Deaths, published free.
Obituary Notices, exceeding 12 lines in length, charged as advertisements.

JOB-WORK.

Of every description, promptly attended to in the best style, on reasonable terms.

Advertisements and Estrays.

The Law runs me, and Fashion women.
There is a fitness in all things, excepting cheap clothes.
It's a bad plan not to grumble—the wheat is not sown till it rains.
The man who intends getting around his wife, must start very early in the morning.
What is the worst kind of fare for a man to live on? Warfare.
Dogs ought to be valuable to tanners on account of the immense quantity of bark they yield.
An old toad was once asked to subscribe to a newspaper. He answered: "No, I always make my own news."
An Illinois paper says there is a man in Olney so dirty that the assessor put him down as real estate.
A miser is but a human version of the turnip dog that bled every day to roast meat for other persons eating.
"I can't find bread for my family," said a lady fellow. "No, I," added an industrious miller; "I am obliged to work for it."
"If master and mistress," says a fat foot-man in the dog-days, "that'll run up stairs every time, I'm bloated if they're ring the bell so precious often."
"Hail a cat in bad weather and it may come to your assistance; but hail a friend in your adversity, and see what notice he will take of you."
"Life is a romance which most young ladies would like to begin by reading the third volume first—as it is the one which generally contains the marriage—Punch.
"Property shines on different persons much in the way that the sun shines on different objects. Some it shines like gold, while others it shines like wax."
When Socrates was asked why he had built himself so small a house—"Small as it is," he replied, "I wish I could fill it with friends."
O, happy one!—I think thee so,
For mark the poet's song.
"Man wants but little here below,
Nor wants that little long."
The editor of the Washington Union says that Know Nothing ought to hang their heads. He should hang his, and have a strong rope to it—Pittsboro.
"Humble as I am," said a bullying speaker to a mass meeting of the anti-slavery, "I still remember that I'm a fraction of this magnificent republic." "You are indeed," said a bystander, "and a vulgar one at that."
The following question is being considered in an out-West debating society—"Which has ruined the most men, giving credit or getting trusted?" At the last accounts the disputants were about "tup and tuck."
The ladies are down on old Buck. They say a man who will spit milk, is not fit to be made President. They say it would be shameful to turn the White House into a bachelor's hall. The ladies, God bless them, are always right.
A friend speaking of California, says if you call a physician to relieve you, he generally does it; if not of the disease, of your pocket book. For three "shens" and a "whi" in June last, he paid, he says, twenty seven dollars. Nice country for Kibbardi, that.
There is an angel ever near,
When toil and trouble vex and try,
That bids our fainting hearts take cheer,
And whispers to us—"by and by."
And ever on life's rugged way,
This angel leading from the sky,
Beguiles our sorrows day by day,
With her sweet whispering—"by and by!"
Sam Slick says: "The titler folks are, the bigger they talk. You never saw a small one that didn't wear high-heeled boots and a high-crowned hat, and that was not ready to fight almost any one to show he was a man, every inch of him: while the big men are generally of a kind and generous disposition."

Political.

The electoral ticket framed by the American party of Massachusetts is composed principally of Old Line Whigs, who have declared their intention of supporting Mr. Fillmore.

HON. MR. WEBSTER.—Visitors still continue to visit Marshfield, the home of Daniel Webster. The register which was opened in July, 1853, and headed with the name of Hon. Edward Everett, now contains from 3,000 to 4,000 names of persons from all parts of the world. The greater part of the estate has been sold.

HON. FRANCIS GRANGER, of New York, announces to a friend in Washington that he is soon to take the stump for Fillmore for the whole campaign.—He further states that the enthusiasm manifested at the late Whig Convention in Albany surpassed that of any previous convention—1840 not excepted.

MR. GRANGER regards New York as already secured for Fillmore, with, of course, the usual amount of exertion which will every where be made.

From the Nashville Gazette.

INDICTMENT.

The People of the United States

VERSUS

JAMES BUCHANAN, OF PENN.,

A TRUE BILL!

NATIONAL GRAND JURY,

SAM, : : : Foreman.

The National Grand Jury of the United States comes into Court, and presents the following True Bill against one, James Buchanan, of Pennsylvania.

FIRST.—We charge the said Buchanan, in the name of the great Democratic party, with having been a leading member of the old Federal party, from the time of his appearance in public life, down to the time when said party was disbanded under the pacific administration of James Monroe.

SECOND.—We charge him in the name of all who have Democratic blood in their veins, with having declared in 1815, in a speech delivered near the City of Lancaster, that if he thought he had one drop of Democratic blood in his veins, he would let it out. This can be proven by those who heard him make the sanguinary declaration, although the copy of his speech, as furnished by himself, may not precisely contain those words.

THIRD.—We charge him in the name of our Army and Navy of 1812, its soldiers and seamen, and in the names of Calhoun, Crawford, Clay, and other patriots of the time, who voted for and encouraged that war, with having used his influence against its declaration, and against its encouragement after it was declared.

FOURTH.—We charge him in the name of the Democrats of the Jefferson and Madison school, with having been the warm opponent, the constant enemy, and the malignant traducer of those illustrious men, their administration, measures and principles.

FIFTH.—We charge him in the name of the Democracy, with being now, and always since he has presumed to call himself a Democrat, a cautious, non-committal, wily, old fogey politician of the Van Buren breed. He receives the ardent support now of Martin Van Buren, John Van Buren, and Thomas H. Benton, who have been his bosom friends and associates, and who expect, no doubt, if elevated to the Presidency, he will regard their counsel with favor, giving them importance in the country, perhaps the restoration of the influence they once exercised, and which the South so emphatically has denounced in consequence of their corruptions.

SIXTH.—We charge him in the name of the Planters of the South, the Farmers of the West, and having subscribed to the Free Trade Platform of the Cincinnati Convention, while he has exercised in practice, and is now in heart, a devoted friend to high protective duties. He belongs to a State in which all parties are protectionists, and he cannot be anything else himself. He is largely interested in the coal and iron trade which every one knows, is claimed to need high protection, and his votes in both Houses of Congress, his private conversations, his public speeches, when the question could not be dodged, have ever been to favor high protection to

manufacturers, in support of the few at the expense of the many. He voted for the Tariff of 1821, the high Tariff of 1828, and the high Tariff of 1842.—During the year 1844, while canvassing Pennsylvania for James K. Polk against Henry Clay, he opposed Mr. Clay upon the ground that he was the author of the Compromise measures of 1823, which measures reduced the Tariff annually until in 1842, previous to the passage of the Tariff of that year, they brought it down to the revenue standard. He expressed himself opposed to that compromise, and assured the people of Pennsylvania that James K. Polk was a better Tariff man, that is, in favor of higher duties than Henry Clay. His banner floating from his mast head, bore the inscription, "Polk, Dallas, and the Tariff of 1842."

The Grand Jury are aware that no question of high or low Tariff is now before the people, but as the Cincinnati platform is pledged to Free Trade, it is proper that Mr. Buchanan especially should know that Mr. Buchanan's friends, his own interests, his speeches, and his votes, stand in direct conflict with the platform upon which he has pledged himself to stand. Whether he or the platform will survive the trial to come off in November, it does not become the National Grand Jury to determine now. Both cannot stand together.

SEVENTH.—We charge him in the name of the Slave States, and every slaveholder in the country, with being an enemy to slavery and the South.—And in order that he may not go unformed, not only of this most serious charge against him, but of the evidence upon which the charge is so firmly founded, we propose to furnish the evidence in detail, derived from the history of the past, and arranged under the following seven points:

1st. In 1819 he participated in an anti-slavery meeting held in his own Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, and was not only a prominent person and speaker on that occasion, but was one of the committee who reported Free-soil and anti-slavery resolutions, thereby putting in motion the abolition ball, which has since so enormously augmented throughout the Northern States, and in its destructive course, bids fair, even now, to fracture our glorious Union, secured by the wisdom of our Immortal Fathers. This Free-soil movement was the head and front of the offences which led to the Missouri Compromise of 1820, and shook the safety of our confederacy to its very center at that time.

2nd. In his speech in Congress in 1826, he stated that slavery was a great political and moral evil; he thanked God that his lot had been cast in a State where slavery did not exist, and that slavery was a curse entailed upon us by our British ancestors; which brings us to the conclusion, with Mr. Calhoun and other great statesmen of the South, that any man who entertains such sentiments as these, ought never to be the President of the United States, for the South cannot safely trust him. If honest in his declarations, he cannot be in favor of its perpetration, but on the contrary in favor of the abolition of what he thinks is a great political and moral evil, contrary to the will of God, and a curse upon the nation.

3rd. In his speech on the annexation of Texas, he assigned the three following reasons for having supported that measure. It must be borne in mind that it was a popular measure at the South, and required to be supported by sound logical reasoning at the North, and here it is. First—He supported the annexation because there could be five States made out of the Territory, three of them free and two of them slave States; and that one free State would thereby be gained by the North over the South. Second—The annexation would finally lead to the addition of three free States to the Union, by the gradual operation of the removal of the slaves from Maryland, Virginia, and Kentucky, further South, thereby making them free. Third—Because the annexation would afford to the negroes of the South access to the Rio Grande, and entrance into Mexico, depopulating the States of the extreme South, and in this way eventually including freedom in all the States where slavery is allowed by the Constitution and the laws. Thus, in this way, he modestly designed to provide for the banishment from amongst the people of this great political and moral evil and greatness upon the nation. Of his own mouth then, the National Grand Jury charge Mr. Buchanan with predetermined purpose to add to the number and power of the free States; to decrease those of the South, to hasten abolition in the more Northern slave States now, and encourage its progress in the Southern hereafter, and finally, to lead to this great consummation, to establish them as free people on our borders. These were the objects he expected would be accomplished by the annexation of Texas, alleged in his reasons for his country and his constituents which induced his support of it; and for all this he asked the South with seeming confidence to make him the President of the great Republic.

He has in the Senate and out of it declared that though he would not interfere with slavery where it now exists, he was opposed to its introduction into any Territory where it does not exist. He has advocated the doctrine that Congress has power to legislate upon slavery in the District of Columbia. He has expressed the conviction that Congress has the power to legislate upon slavery in the Territories of the United States.

He has in his letter of acceptance of the nomination by the Cincinnati Convention, as well as elsewhere, declared himself in favor of the odious doctrine of Squatter Sovereignty, thus affording to the paupers and criminals of the old world immediately on landing upon our shores the lawful right to vote down American citizens both native and adopted, and that the people of the Territories, as well as those of a State, may decide the nature of the Institutions which shall prevail in the unorganized district of the national domain. Aware that the exercise of such a principle aims directly to exclude Slavery, yet with this record against him on the Southern question, it seems indeed like adding insult to injury to ask the people of the South to vote for him for President.

EIGHTH.—We charge him in the name of the laboring men of our country, our chief dependence in peace and war, with having stated in a speech he delivered in 1840, near the city of Pittsburgh, that ten cents a day were enough wages for a laboring man. The upshot of this speech was to show that the wages of labor were too high in this country, and should be reduced to the European standard.

NINTH.—We charge him in the name of farmers, North and West, with having in that same Pittsburgh speech, declared that sixteen cents a bushel was a sufficient price for wheat, and throughout the said speech having shown himself to be a rich man's friend and poor man's enemy, disposed to make the rich richer and the poor poorer.

TENTH.—We charge him in the name of the plain Democratic farmers, planters, mechanics, and artisans of our whole country, with being a proud, haughty and aristocratic person, whose habits and manners comport better with the character of a Prince or a Nobleman, than with that of a Republican citizen, especially one who aspires to the Presidency of a free people. We have witnessed in him wealth, pomp, and lordly display, but nothing of the plain American Democrat. His extreme aristocratic bearing has kept him unpopular in Lancaster county, in which he has lived all his life. He would not come within thousands of votes of being elected in that county to any office in the gift of the people. He has made the banner Whig county in Pennsylvania. It gave 4,500 majority for Harrison in 1840, and about 5,000 majority for Scott in 1852, while the adjoining counties are largely Democratic, though inhabited by the same kind of people who inhabit his county. To what then must we attribute its large Whig majorities, but the fact of his unpopularity and absence of political influence; and so great is its extent that it has become a proverb, "that so long as Buchanan lives in the county, so long will it be largely Whig."

ELEVENTH.—We charge him in the name of the poor of our country, in the name of the Widows and Orphans, that although himself rich in worldly goods, with no family in dependence on him, objects of charity so numerous about him have never attracted his attention. He has closed his ears when the needy cried, and has never sought to feed or clothe the hungry or naked. He has wrapped himself up in the mantle of his own self-shine and lived and is now living solely for himself alone.

TWELFTH.—We charge him in the name of the people of the old Key Stone State with having been elected to the Senate of the United States by the combined influence of money and a few wealthy and aristocratic families who belonged to the old Federal party when he was its champion in Pennsylvania. We are aware that he and they have such means at command, and few men know so well their value in carrying State elections. We however warn him that he has now a more difficult task to perform than he has ever undertaken before.—He has been confined to caucuses of political conventions, nominations of candidates and members of legislative bodies who sometimes have their price and can be bought, but now he is before the people of the United States who will not be influenced by such means nor by the arts of subtle intrigue. A man to succeed is expected to have some of the elements of popularity and fitness about him, which he has not and never had.

THIRTEENTH.—We charge him in the name of Andrew Jackson, and in the name of the Jacksonian Democracy North and South, with having acted unfaithfully towards that noble patriot, and the time of the difficulty between him and Henry Clay, during the contest between Jackson and Adams for the Presidency. For this the old hero withdrew his confidence. He never forgave Mr. Buchanan and never trusted or honored him after his return from the Russian Mission. Just previous to his death, hearing that he was about to be invited into the cabinet of Mr. Polk, General Jackson warned the President against Mr. Buchanan, stating that he could not be trusted, and stating likewise that he was "deficient in moral courage."

But Mr. Polk was committed to him, being under deep obligations for his having deceived the people of Pennsylvania on the Tariff question, so that he could not retract. FOURTEENTH.—We charge him in the name of Young America, in the name of the bold, resolute and progressive of our country, with being behind the age, unfit for the times and destitute of qualifications necessary to inspire confidence in those who favor the onward march of free institutions. The failure of the British Government in the Russian War has exposed the fallacy of appointing worn out men to positions of great responsibility in times of progress like the present when we travel by railroads or steamships, and transmit intelligence

by lightning. Young America has seen himself of stability. He has found him also on both sides of almost every important question involving the interest of our country, and always aiming to discover which side is likely to be the popular one before declaring himself upon it. His uncertain and wavering diplomacy when Secretary of State under Mr. Polk, gives us nothing to hope from his firmness in the future. He was the author of "fifty-four forty or fight," but after a deal of bragging, blustering and threatening, and keeping the country in hot water for a long time, anticipating a war with Great Britain, he backed clean out, and we got neither fifty-four or forty, nor a fight.

FIFTEENTH.—We charge him in the name of the immortal sage of Ashland, and in the name of the Clay Whigs of the country with having made a dishonorable proposition to Mr. Clay, and with having conveyed to him, Jackson the false impression that Mr. Clay had made such a proposition to him. We can prove that he was the man who put in circulation and kept afloat that infamous bargain and foul slander which did the illustrious Clay great injury. Yet in the face of all this he has the presumption to declare that he expects the votes of the Whigs of the United States. If they do vote for him it will be when the name and fame of Henry Clay have died in their hearts and memories.

SIXTEENTH.—Lastly, we charge him in the name of the ladies of America with having lived until seventy years of age and about to die, without ever having married, and having lived a selfish, isolated and heartless old bachelor. We charge him with having set at naught the claims of Columbia's fair daughters. And that he may be prepared for defeat in November next, let him remember that the Ladies of our country have emphatically declared that the President's chair never has been, and never shall be disgraced in its occupancy by an old bachelor, and he may as well therefore have his name withdrawn from the present contest, especially too as he has declared to the world that he is not James Buchanan, but the Cincinnati platform.

SAM, Foreman of the National Grand Jury. N. B. This case is fixed for the third day of November, 1856, when the trial will positively be held, unless the defendant be absent from the Country, he being now at large simply on his own recognizance. An impartial Court is expected, however, to condemn him to imprisonment for life at the head waters of Salt River.

BLACKSMITHING.

I HAVE rented the shop on Second street, formerly occupied by Clayton Hughes, and adjoining Threlkett's Carriage Manufactory. I am now prepared to do every description of BLACKSMITHING WORK as cheap for Cash, as heretofore, and on time to good customers. I respectfully solicit a share of patronage from those having work to do in my line. JAS. L. JONES. Danville, Aug. 15, '56

NEGROES WANTED!

WE want to buy a good lot of YOUNG NEGROES, Men, Women, Boys, and Girls. For cash we will suit, we will pay the highest price in cash. We can always be found at Pullum's old stand near the Broadway Hotel, in Lexington. GRIFFIN, PULLUM, & Co. Aug. 22, '56 122 2d Lex. Obs. & Rep.

GOODLOE, BASSETT & CO.

DIRECT IMPORTERS OF CHINA, GLASS, AND FANCY GOODS. Looking-Glasses, Table Cutlery, &c.

Turnpike Notice.

BOOKS for the subscription of Stock in the Boyle and Mercer Turnpike Road, will be opened at the Court-house in Danville, on Saturday, the 16th inst., and at the residence of Col. A. G. Kyle, in Mercer county, on Thursday thereafter, under the superintendence of the following Commissioners appointed in the charter for that purpose: A. G. TALBOT, JOSEPH WIGHAM, CHAS. CLARK, A. G. KYLE, JAMES BURNETT, NELSON RUE, N. T. LEE, GEORGE TRAFNALL, DANIEL W. JONES, W. H. ROBINSON, C. T. WORTHINGTON. Aug. 8, '56

No 1 Chewing Tobacco.

JUST received and for sale, Chewing Tobacco, of the following brands—Rough and Ready, Big Leaf, Natural Leaf, and various other brands of the very best quality. L. DIMMITT. CIGARS of the best brands, just received and for sale by L. DIMMITT. Danville Aug. 8, '56

ICE CREAM—that is Cream, served up at

at REWET'S SALOON.

PUBLIC SALE

—OF— FINE STOCK, &c.,

AT CANEHURST, 3 miles from Shaker, in town, in Mercer county, Ky., on Tuesday.

The 23d day of September next, When I will sell to the highest bidder, my Stock of all kinds, viz: 35 Brood Mares and younger Horse stock. The mares are mostly large, some of them fine trotters, and have been bred this season to my Morgan horse.

Also, my fine Stallion RED JACKET, of pure Morgan breed. Also, 21 thorough bred Cows and Heifers, with a fine lot of calves.

Also, 10 pure Southdown Sheep, from the flock of Col. Morris and Thomas, of New York, with about 100 head deeply crossed with the Southdown.

Also, Hogs of the finest breeds. And a great variety of Farming Implements, &c., &c.

On the same day and place, I will also offer my home FARM, containing ABOUT 640 ACRES. Of the best land in the State, and elegantly improved for sale, if not previously sold.

TERMS OF SALE.—For all sums of \$20 and under, cash in hand; on all sums over \$20, a credit of six months will be given. If the buyer chooses to pay cash, a deduction at the rate of ten per cent. will be made.

TERMS OF SALE OF THE LAND.—One-third of the purchase money on the 1st of April, 1857, when full possession will be given; the balance in two equal annual payments without interest. Sufficient facilities will be afforded the purchaser for seeing this fall and looking after his interests upon the Farm till full possession is given.

Catalogues of pedigrees will be ready for distribution soon and on day of sale. WILLIAM THOMPSON. Mercer co., July 25, '56. 124-Lex. Obs.

KENTUCKY STAGE COMPANY.

EXTRA DAILY LINE From Lexington to Crab Orchard.

THE Kentucky Stage Company, in order to facilitate the travel between Lexington, Danville, and Crab Orchard, are now running an extra line from Lexington through to Crab Orchard, on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, leaving Lexington at 10 o'clock, and arriving at Danville and Crab Orchard at 4 o'clock.

This line leaves Lexington daily (Sundays excepted) at 2 o'clock, P. M., passing through Danville on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, and through Lancaster on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday.

Returning, leaves Crab Orchard daily at 4 A. M., arriving at Lexington on Tuesday and Cincinnati.

This line does not interfere with our regular line from Lexington to Danville, which will run daily each way, as heretofore. Passengers may rest assured that the Company will spare no pains to insure comfort, speed, and safety on all their lines.

W. M. RICHARDS, Agent, Ky. Stage Company. July 25, '56

Graham's Springs!

J. CAMPBELL, Proprietor.

THIS establishment is now open for the reception of Boarders and Visitors. It is situated upon the Rockcastle River, 20 miles south east of Somerset, in a mountain region; pure air and good water, and for those fond of sport, this place has the advantage of any Watering place in the State for hunting and fishing. The establishment is entirely new, Buildings and Furniture, the accommodations as good as the country affords, and charges moderate.—Those persons visiting this place from the interior of the State, will find the road via Stanford and Somerset the nearest and best route. There is a tri-weekly line of Stages to Somerset, and good conveyance from there to the Springs.

NEW STEAM MILL!

I would respectfully inform the public, that my Mill is now in operation, and I will grind Corn and Rye, regularly, on Tuesday and Friday of each week. IF CORN MEAL is always on hand and for sale at the market price. S. S. MOORE. July 18, '56

NEW JEWELRY.

WATCHES, &c., &c. THE undersigned is offering the public almost every day something new in line. Watches, Gold Chains, Silver Chains, Bracelets, Rings, Pins, Brooches, and Jewels of all kinds. The public are invited to call and see him and his stock. THOS. R. J. AYRES. July 11, '56

FOR SALE!

A HOUSE and LOT in the town of Danville, situated on Cemetery street, immediately opposite the residence of John D. Terhune, containing a fraction over a half acre. The house is a comfortable one, containing five rooms. There is a variety of fruit on the lot now bearing. I will sell the Property on accommodating terms. Any person wishing to purchase can apply to the subscriber living 8 miles from Danville, on the Knob Lick Road, at the Sulpher Springs. PETER S. NEVINS. Danville, July 4, '56

CASH WANTED.

GEO. W. COLLINS would remind his customers, that, according to his terms published, their accounts are due the 1st of July; and he would take it as a special favor for all to come forward and pay their respective dues. June 27, '56.

WALNUT STREET BOARDING HOUSE.

DANVILLE, KY. I HAVE five nicely furnished Rooms in which I would like to accommodate some genteel boarders. I also take day boarders. H. M. WEATHERFORD. June 27, '56

MEAL. MEAL. MEAL.

75 BUSHELS excellent Corn Meal for sale at CARPENTER'S

The Emporium of Fashion!

1856! NEW STOCK! 1856!

Bargains! Bargains! Bargains!

Furniture at Low Prices.

THE undersigned has just received from the Eastern Cities, a large and handsome stock of

FURNITURE, of entirely new and beautiful styles; consisting of Centre Tables, Sofa Tables, elaborately carved with Marble tops, and also plain; Antique Carved Reception Chairs; Walnut Beds, some splendid patterns; Tea Trays; Towel Racks, and Hat Racks; superior both in appearance and quality to any before offered in this market.

I am constantly importing all the latest styles of the above work, besides being engaged in manufacturing every description of fashionable Furniture, Bureaus, Sofas, Chairs, Drawers, Wardrobes, &c., &c. A large stock of Case Seat, Windsor and Split Bottom Chairs, Bedsteads, Dining Tables, Lounges, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

All articles, sold by me, whether of my own or Eastern manufacture, are warranted to be as represented.

Being determined that neither "Young America" or Old America shall undersell me, I respectfully request all who wish to purchase good Furniture at low prices, to purchase from J. H. WHEELER.

Emporium of Fashion, 3d st. Danville, July 4, '56

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

Silver and Plated Ware.

I AM now opening a large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches.

French Mantle Clocks, Gold Jewelry of the Latest Styles, Consisting in part of Florentine, Cameo, Goldstone, Pearl and Garnet; Mossic, Lava, and Jet Sets; also a large assortment of Breast Pins, Ear Rings, Finger Rings, Bracelets, Lockets, Sleeves and Button Buttons, Chatelaine Neck-Vest and Fob Chains, Pencils, Tooth Picks, &c. Open Face, Hunter and Magic Gold.

Also a fine lot of Silver Hunter's and Open Face Watches—all warranted to be good time pieces.

SILVER WARE;

Embracing Tea, Dessert, Table, and Ladle Spoon; Thimbles, &c.

SPECTACLES,

Gold, Silver, Plate, and Steel;

English and American Silver Plated Ware,

Pitchers, Walters, Tea Sets, Fruit Baskets, Stands, Candle Sticks, Goblets, Cups, Butter Knives, Salt Cellars; Forks; Spoon; &c. Hall Lamps.

COMPLIMENTARY,

Table and Pocket Knives; Razors; Ivory and Bone handle Table Knives, with and without Forks, Carvers, Steels, &c. A large assortment of Wootenholm Knives of various patterns. Scissors, of various styles and sizes for Embroidery and other purposes.

Perfumery, &c.,

"Balm of a Thousand Flowers;" Cologne and Lavender Water; Pomades; Oils; Lyon's Katharine; Cream of Lilies; for removing freckles, &c. Tooth Paste and Lip Salve, together with a large lot of Mergatroy and Caundrey's French Extracts. Soaps, Toilet and Shaving Soap, in a great variety; Nivea, &c. Gum, Ivory, Buffalo, and Horn Combs; Gutter Pipes, and Steel Hair Pins, Needles, Emery Rags, and Pencil Holders, Lead Pencils, Port Folios, Silk and Ribbon Guards, Work Boxes, Meen Fan, Lilly White, Chalk Balls, Vinegar Rushe; together with a variety of other Goods not here mentioned. All of which I will be pleased to send to visitors; and as I purchase my Goods from Manufacturers and Importers, I can offer inducements to cash customers.

The repairing department will be superintended by Mr. Geo. Nicotola, well known to be an experienced workman.

J. B. AKIN, Cor. Main and Second sts. Danville, June 13, '56

NEW STOCK

AT THE MAMMOTH GROCERY.

JUST received and for sale, wholesale or retail, by Taylor & Meach's bonus wagons: 4,000 lbs N. O. Sugar; 2,000 " Clarified S. O. for preserving; 1,000 " Crushed Sugar; 1,000 " Pulverized "

100 gallons Bocher's St. Louis Syrup, 500 " Sugar House Molasses; 400 " Plantation Molasses; 400 " Sugar River Molasses;

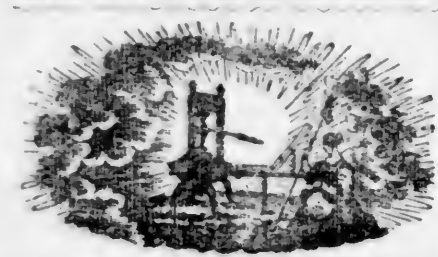
2,000 lbs Nails, from 3d to 20d; 200 " Bleaching Powder; 100 " Rifle Powder; 200 " Bar Lead; 200 lbs Star Candles; 10,000 feet Safety Fuse;

500 lbs "Jumet Molasses Candles; 200 " Junno River Tobacco; 500 " Johnson & Co's G. R. Tobacco; 500 " 5 lump Missouri; 500 bottles London Porter;

72 " Lemon Syrup; 48 " Sbridian Shappages; 1,000 lbs Rice; 300 lbs Java Coffee; 500 " Rio: 300 lbs Green Tea; 150 " Black, Hyson, and Gunpowder Tea.

The Kentucky Tribune

JNO. F. ZIMMERMAN & SON—EDITORS.



FOR PRESIDENT,
MILLARD FILLMORE,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
ANDREW J. DONELSON,
OF TENNESSEE.

State Electoral Ticket.

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE.

FIRST DISTRICT—SAMUEL D. DULANEY.
SECOND " W. R. KINNEY.
THIRD " ROBERT C. BOWLING.
FOURTH " W. C. ANDERSON.
FIFTH " PHILIP LEE.
SIXTH " GREEN ADAMS.
SEVENTH " L. A. WHITELEY.
EIGHTH " HARRY WARD.
NINTH " W. C. KANEY.
TENTH " W. S. RANKIN.

DANVILLE.

Friday, Sept. 5, 1856.

17 Hon. A. G. TAYLOR, member of Congress from this district, reached his home in this county, on Wednesday.

COMMENCEMENT.—The regular annual Commencement exercises of Centre College will be held on Thursday next. Addresses will, as heretofore, be delivered by a number of the young gentlemen belonging to the graduating class.

Read the "Innocent" of the "National Grand Jury"—See, forum—against James Buchanan. It will be found on our first page.

THE FAIR.—The approaching Fair of the Central Kentucky Association, to be held near this place, will probably in every respect eclipse any former exhibition the Association has held. The premiums for fine stock of every description will be completed for in a spirited manner, and the reasonable expectation is, that all the rings will be unusually full of as fine stock as any ever exhibited in the Union.

THE CRAB ORCHARD FAIR.—The fair of the Crab Orchard Association is now in progress, and will close to-day. We have only heard from the first day's exhibition. On that day, we are informed, that the attendance of spectators was very large, and the exhibition in every department creditable and interesting.

The obliging Secretary of the Association will please furnish us with a list of the premiums awarded, in time for our next paper.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—Should any of our readers wish to know where we procured those new boots of ours, we will save them the trouble of asking the question, by informing them that they came from the establishment of our tasteful young friend, CHARLES FARRAR, whose handsome boot and shoe store is "the observed of all observers." Mr. F. has received his new stock, consisting of every variety and style of boots and shoes, from the finest glove-cut gaiters to the heaviest stage boots. His stock is large, and was selected by him in person, for this market. We have no doubt whatever, but that he can suit every person who will call upon him, with just the boot or shoe they are looking for, and can fill all orders large or small. Charles is a new beginner in business, and we cheerfully recommend him as in every way deserving of patronage.

GOODS FOR GENT'S WEAR.—The new stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Furnishing Goods, just opened by Mr. W. J. MOORE, in the largest, and embraces the greatest variety of goods ever brought to the place. Mr. Moore's long-established reputation as a gentleman of judgment and taste in the selection of goods, renders it unnecessary for us to speak of the quality and beauty of his new importation. At his establishment, a gentleman can furnish his wardrobe throughout, and can dress himself from top to toe in the most fashionable style. Advertisement next week.

WELSH & NICHOLS.—We refer our readers to the advertisements of WELSH & NICHOLS. They have as usual, a tremendous stock, embracing almost everything—Dry Goods in abundance, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware—and, as John Gray says, "just anything else you can call for."

FURNISHING.—Our Goods will not fail to notice the advertisement of Messrs. J. L. & W. H. WAGGNER. Their new stock of goods is very attractive, and is so extensive and varied that all tastes can be suited. Their assortment especially of Dress Goods, excels, we think, in richness and beauty any we have seen. The Ladies, we are certain, will be delighted with them.

NEW GOODS AT MORROW'S.—W. B. MORROW & Co., are now in receipt of their fall stock of goods, embracing every variety and style. See advertisements.

WHEREAS ART.—The rooms on the corner of Main and Third streets, are rented daily by those wishing to secure the shadows, or the substance fallen; by having the nicest arrangements that we have had the pleasure of looking at since that kind of miniature were first patented in our country. Those liking a real "tip top" d'agony better than those beautiful subtypes, can be accommodated at the same rooms by the same artist.

IF We have all heard the tale of the Kilkeny cats who bit, scratched, and chewed each other up, till there was nothing left of either but the tip end of their tails. That seemed to be pretty much the case with the Sarsaparilla combatants who were keeping up such a sharp warfare a few months ago. They chewed, scratched, and eat each other up, till the only one now remaining is Harley, who is the sole and undisputed possessor of the field. His medicine is gaining wide celebrity, and whilst benefiting the human race, will insure him a large fortune.—Louisville Courier.

THE peach crop in the Southern part of this State and in Tennessee, is said to be quite abundant.

Pitch darkness has been so improved as to read bituminous obscurity.

THE SPEAKING ON SATURDAY.

On Saturday last, Gen. JOHN M. HARRIS, the gallant, invincible, and indomitable Assistant American Elector for the State at large, began his new list of appointments, by addressing his fellow-citizens of Boyle. His fame as an orator, and especially his renown as an advocate of American principles, attracted a very large crowd of hearers, among them quite a number of ladies. He discussed the political questions of the day in his usual masterly and eloquent manner, supporting every position by incontrovertible proof, killing the Democracy with their own weapons, by frequently citing the well-known views entertained in the past by distinguished Democratic leaders, as coinciding with the opinions now advocated by the American party of the Union. Our crowded columns would not admit it, even if we could from memory, give a review of his speech. Suffice it to say, that it was one of John M. Harris's best, and was listened to with the deepest attention and interest by the large audience.

Gen. Harris was replied to by a young man from Harlan county, Mr. THOMAS Y. BROWN, a youth possessing, as did the bull in his attack upon the locomotive, a vast deal more courage than judgment. Mr. Brown is something of a speaker, so far as declamatory power is concerned, but is out of his element when he takes the stump as a politician. His ignorance of political history, and his lack of knowledge in regard to even the tactics of his own party in the present contest, peculiarly unfit him for the place he occupied on Saturday, as every one present must have been convinced, when Gen. Harris rejoined to him, exposing his sophistry, and covering him with confusion, by laying bare the rottenness of his positions. Gen. Harris's rejoinder was a triumph—a signal victory in debate—and the loud and prolonged shouts with which he was frequently interrupted, must have made it evident that Mr. Brown was no longer T. Y. Brown, but "Done Brown, Esq.," and that "Sam" was undoubtedly "all around" in these parts. The next time Mr. B. wishes to exhibit his political oratory, he will be apt to look out for a "softer snip" than Gen. Harris.

SENTENCED.—At the recent term of the Garrard Circuit Court, John Connelley was convicted of the murder of Stephen Spratt, at the August election of 1855, and sentenced to be hung on the 21st of November next. The prisoner was defended by able counsel, and was prosecuted in a masterly manner by E. L. VANWINKLE, Esq., our new Attorney for the Commonwealth.

Hon. THOS. E. BRAMLETTE was unanimously chosen by the bar to preside at the recent term of the Garrard Circuit Court, his certificate of election as Judge, not having at that time reached him. The manner in which he presided—his pleasant dignity, and above all, the acknowledged correctness of his decisions, gave the greatest satisfaction, and confirmed the opinion that he will make one of the best Judges in the State.

The resignation of L. THURMAN, Esq., Democratic elector for Washington county, Ky., and his declaration for Fillmore, is a very significant change, and shows how our cause is progressing, even in that county, which last year gave 700 majority for Clarke. Mr. Thurman is a promising young lawyer, and his influence will be exerted for the good cause.

THE GRAND UNION DEMONSTRATION at COVINGTON, CINCINNATI and NEWPORT.—We are compelled for want of room to omit an account of the magnificent Union Celebration of the American party held simultaneously in the above cities, on the 28th ult. The crowd is reported to have numbered twenty to twenty-five thousand, the procession in Cincinnati being about two miles long. The whole exercise of the day were impressive and interesting, calculated to cheer and enliven every American lover of the Union.

THE American mass meeting at Harrodsburg on Monday last, was a grand affair, and passed off in a most gratifying manner. The immense crowd was addressed by Gen. JOHN M. HARRIS in the day, and ROGER W. HANSON was expected to speak at night. During the exercises, a beautiful flag was hoisted on the fire Fillmore pole, which had previously been erected. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed throughout the whole proceedings, and the Americans of Mercer may be expected to do their full duty in the great contest approaching.

Dr. George D. Blakey, one of the Black Republican electors for the State of Kentucky, made a speech at Russellville, a few days ago, in favor of the Northern sectional candidate.

The Paris Citizen contains a call for a public meeting of the citizens of Paris and vicinity for the purpose of making arrangements for the private entertainment of persons who may attend the State fair.

THE COMPENSATION BILL.—A majority of the members of Congress were quite slow in voting the necessary means to keep up the army, but were fast enough in voting money to themselves. The vote of the Kentucky members of the House, who were present, upon the bill raising the compensation of members from \$8 per day to \$3,000 per annum—about \$18 a day—stood as follows: For the bill—A. K. Marshall, H. Marshall, and S. F. Swope. Against it—Burnett, Elliott, Campbell, Talbot, and Underwood. Absent, or not voting—Cox and Jewett.

The bill is retrospective in its operation, and the extra pay commences with the beginning of the present Congress.

THE "SOUND" NORTHERN DEMOCRACY.—THE DANKIES FOR BUCHANAN.—The Commercial (Ind.) Times, says that in that town, on the 7th ult., "the meanest negro" in part part of the State, made a street harangue, and declared his preference for "old Buck." The same paper says that another negro is stumping it for the same ticket in the Southern part of the State. It appears, then, that Northern Dutch are going for Fremont, and the Northern darkies for Buchanan.

Judge Hise, the Buchanan elector for the State at large, declines to speak with any one of a less electoral grade than himself. He will not unbend his dignity to debate with any but a Senatorial Elector. By the time Roger Hanson would him a time or two he will probably be anxious to speak with anybody else but a Senatorial elector—Roger is after him, and will meet him at Eminence on the 16th, and at all of his appointments from that to Oct. 16th.

POST THE BOOKS.—When a renegade American forsakes his birthright and turns himself over to the Buchanan party, all Sag Nichtdom is made acquainted with the fact; but not one word do they hear from their organs, of the multiplied hundreds who are forsaking the bogus Democracy, and giving in their adhesion to Fillmore.

Post the books, gentlemen, and let your readers see how the loss and gain account really stands. The giving of both sides, will put an altogether different face upon the matter.

STOP THAT LINE!—The Democracy of the South, unless they desire to be sued for "slander" and "libel," must really stop misrepresenting their Northern brethren. The New Hampshire Patriot says "it is a foul libel on the Democracy of New Hampshire, to say they are in favor of the extension of slavery." The Boston Post, another Abolition Democratic organ, says "it is a slander upon the Democratic party, to say that it is in favor of the extension of slavery." These papers know what Buchanan is, and they have no difficulty, whatever, in defending him before the Abolitionists of the North. His record furnishes them with abundant testimony to prove his Abolition proclivities, his hatred of slavery, and his hostility to the admission of new Southern States.

THE LAST RESORT.—The Louisville Journal says: a highly respectable gentleman of that city, just returned from Washington, informs the editor that he was told by leading Democrats at the Capital, that THEY HAD ABANDONED ALL HOPE OF SUCCESS IN NEW YORK, AND EVEN IN PENNSYLVANIA, AND HAD NO EXPECTATION OF BEING ABLE TO CARRY A SINGLE NORTHERN STATE, unless John C. Breckinridge, their candidate for the Vice Presidency, can save Indiana or Illinois, by making stump speeches throughout those States.

A candidate for the Vice Presidency upon the stump! What a fall, my countrymen! The Hon. John C., commenced his "canvass" by speaking at Cincinnati on the 1st, and has already accepted invitations to attend mass meetings in the two States that he is expected to "save."

SNOW STORM.—A violent storm prevailed in North Carolina and Virginia from Saturday night to Monday morning. The crops were much damaged. At Goldsborough, N. C., considerable snow fell.

EARLY FROST.—Frost is reported to have fallen in Woodford county last week.

A COLD AUGUST.—Mr. Merriam, the meteorologist, states that last month was the coldest August in sixty-seven years, with the exception of the same month in the years 1816 and 1817.

THE Army Appropriation Bill, without the infamous Kansas proviso, passed both Houses of Congress on Saturday last, and thus accomplished the business for which the extra-session was called. The vote in the House was, yeas 101, nays 98. Both Houses then adjourned sine die.

H. Milburn McCarty, Esq., editor of the Bardonia Gazette, was severely injured by being thrown from a buggy, a few days since. It is feared that his skull is fractured.

THE Cincinnati Commercial, of the 27th ult., states that the receipts of wheat from Kentucky this season over the Covington and Lexington railroad, are fifty per cent. greater than last season. It quotes white wheat in good demand at \$1 26 and red at \$1 12.

THE Missouri Hemp crop is said to be an almost total failure—in many localities it will not pay the expense of harvesting.

COVINGTON RAILROAD.—Receipts of the Kentucky Central Railroad for the month of August, 1856:

For freight,	\$31,085 58
For passengers and express,	15,719 71
For mail,	813 84
Total,	\$47,619 13
Receipts in August, 1855,	27,172 73

INCREASE, 19,956 35
Receipts thus far for the fiscal year, 306,020 13

AMERICAN MEETING AT STANFORD.

STANFORD, Sept. 2, 1856.

Editors of the Tribune:—Yesterday was County Court day in Lincoln, and in accordance with the notice in your paper, the American party in this county, formed a Fillmore and Donelson club. We had able and eloquent speeches from J. L. HALLISMAN and F. T. FOX, Esqs. Mr. Hallisman is an old-line Whig, and like nearly all that are left of the most honest and unswerving in the Cincinnati platform, nor the man whom the Democrats have placed upon it. He showed clearly and beyond all manner of reasonable controversy, that among all the shrewd men, the most absurd and unmeaning, is an old-line Whig supporting Mr. Buchanan. The speech of Maj. Fox was full of sound argument, easy wit, and stirring anecdote—American to the core. He had a luck run. Boston once said that Jimmy Buchanan had none.

The club elected EVAN SHELLEY, Esq., its President. When the gallant son of the hero of many a well-fought field took the chair as President of the Lincoln County Fillmore Club, at present held in a happy place in the choice. The bones of his grand old hero and father was buried at Traveler's Rest, in Lincoln. The old hero's best days were given to his country in her hour of greatest peril. It was in the American American America, that he fought the battles of his country, and it is proper that his descendant should be found struggling to maintain the American nationality, which he so materially aided in establishing. In my judgment, he would forfeit all right to claim to be of his blood, did they not differ from that course pursued by all men common to me. Indeed, I know of nothing in political affairs, so well calculated to soothe the heart of a patriot, as to see the son of a grand old revolutionary soldier who is joined to a party that will tell him to his teeth that the descendant of the Hessian soldier, who fought his ancestor in as good a patriot as he, and as much entitled to share in the government of the country as he. Such a man is in the wrong place, and should get out as quick as possible. We intend to give Fillmore and Donelson a majority of 400.

Yours, &c., LINCOLN.

Special Notices.

G. W. METCALFE, Esq., of this place, will deliver an address to the Athenaeum Society, on Centre College, at the First Presbyterian Church, on Wednesday evening, Sept. 10th. The public, and the ladies particularly, are invited to attend.

JOHN M. HARRIS, Assistant American Elector for the State at large will address the people at the following times and places: Wayneburg, Friday, September 4. Mt. Vernon, Saturday, September 5. Somerset, Monday, September 6. London, Wednesday, September 10. Williamsburg, Friday, September 12. Barboursville, Monday, September 15. Old George's Church, Tuesday, Sept. 17. Mt. Vernon, Friday, September 19. Jno. Lewis, on Port Fork, Saturday, Sept. 20. Whitesburg, Monday, September 22. Pikeville, Tuesday, September 23. Prestonsburg, Thursday, September 25. Jackson, Monday, September 29. Hazard, Wednesday, October 1. Manchester, Friday, October 3. Booneville, Saturday, October 4. Preston, Monday, October 5. Irvine, Tuesday, October 7. Richmond, Wednesday, October 8. Hour of speaking, 1 o'clock. American papers please copy.

ELECTORAL APPOINTMENTS.
W. C. ANDERSON, American candidate for Elector in the 4th Congressional District, will address the people at the following times and places: Hustonville, Lincoln " Saturday, Sept. 6. Stauffer, " " Monday, " 8. T. CAVENS, Esq., Democratic Elector, is expected to be present at the above appointments.

Commercial.

Business list, and prices mostly unchanged. FLOUR AND GRAIN.—Flour \$5.00 per bushel. Wheat \$1.00 per bushel. Corn \$0.50 per bushel. Oats \$0.40 per bushel.

GROCERIES.—Sugar in hogs range from 9 1/2 to 10 1/2 cts. the prevailing quotations being 10c. Plantation Molasses 5c. Sugar house 6 1/2 cts. Rio Coffee 10 1/2 cts. according to quality.

PROVISIONS.—Mesa Pork 1 1/2 cts. Bacon shoulders 8 1/2 cts. ribbed sides 10 cts. clear sides 11 cts. plain hams 12 cts. Sugar house 6 1/2 cts. 1/2 cts. for clear and 8 1/2 cts. for ribbed sides; 8 1/2 cts. for hams, and 7 1/2 cts. for shoulders. Prime Keg Lard 12 1/2 cts. for city, and 11 1/2 cts. for country make.

Cotton.—Sales of 100 bales, and a small lot. Sugar.—Sales at 8c. Lard.—Sales of lard in kegs at 13 1/2 cts.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 2, P. M.
Flour is dull and prices little more than nominal—sales of 50 tons at \$5.75, and 75 tons at \$5.50. Mesa Pork active at \$13, with more buyers than sellers. Lard is active at 12c.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2, P. M.
Flour market is easier—sales of 9,000 bushels at \$6.10, \$6.30 for Ohio, and \$7.00 for Southern. Wheat is dropping—Sales of 100,000 bush at \$1.40, 40,000 for choice Western red, and \$1.50 for Southern red. Corn is dropping—Sales of 62,000 bush at 61 1/2 cts. for mixed Western. Pork is dropping—Sales of 100,000 lbs at \$19.75, 60,000 lbs at \$19.50, and 40,000 lbs at \$19.25. Bacon is firm—Western 11 1/2 cts, hams 9 1/2 cts, and shoulders 8 1/2 cts.

Marriages.

MARRIED.—On yesterday evening, September 4, at the residence of JOHN F. ZIMMERMAN, by Rev. Dr. Linn, Mr. JOHN H. LEXLEY to Miss MARY ANN LAROCK, all of this place.

Although we were requested by the happy groom not to "puff him up," yet when we consider that John is a clever fellow, and so is Mac, we cannot refrain from extending our congratulations, and wishing them all the happiness and prosperity they so justly anticipate.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to H. HAMILTON are requested to call and settle immediately. W. C. ANDERSON, Trustee. aug 22, '56

New Advertisements.

GOOD BUSINESS RULES.—If you want to buy anything; if you want to sell anything; if you want to rent anything; if you want to tell anything; if you want to do anything; if you want anything done—ADVERTISE.

Cash for Wheat.
I will buy any quantity of good Wheat, delivered to me in Danville, for which I will pay the highest cash prices.
J. B. McNEILL.
Danville, Sept. 5, '56

Cabinet Makers Wanted.
I wish to employ two or three Journeyman Cabinet Makers. Good study, workmen will find constant employment and good wages by applying immediately.
G. W. HEWEY.
Danville, Sept. 5, '56
Lexington Uba. copy 31 and ch. this office.

1856.
THE Annual Subscribers will call and settle their subscription to the Central Kentucky Fair, and get their Tickets of admission.
J. B. AKIN, Sec'y.
Sept. 5, '56

LINCOLN FARM FOR SALE.
I wish to sell the FARM on which I am now residing, lying on the East side of the turnpike leading from Danville to Hintonville, about 10 miles from the former, and 1 1/2 from the latter place. The Farm contains about 236 Acres of good Hanging Rock Land, and will be sold on favorable terms. Possession can be given immediately. Those wishing to purchase, are invited to call and see for themselves.
J. BOYLE GILL.
Sept. 5, '56

PUBLIC SALE
Of Town Property.
AS Trustee of WM. BOKER, I will sell to the highest bidder, in Lancaster, On Monday, the 13th of October, 1856, (It being County Court day.)

The Store House and Lot,
In said town, on the Public Square, at present occupied by DANIEL & ROBINSON. This property is as well located for a business stand as any in the town.
Terms made known on the day of sale.

Also, on Monday, September 15, 1856, (It being County Court day.)
I will sell, in the town of Danville, The Tavern House & Lot, in said town, on the corner of Main and Third Streets, formerly occupied by W. A. HANSEN. Terms made known on the day of sale. The above property will positively be sold without reserve.
ALFRED BONER, Trustee of Wm. Boker.
Sept. 5, '56

SOMETHING NEW.
Dry Goods, Hardware, &c.
WE are just receiving our largest and splendid stock of FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS, Hardware, Queensware, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, &c.

Dress Goods, Embroideries, &c.
We would invite special attention to our Goods, as our buyers having paid particular attention to purchasing from Auction Houses. We think we can offer unusual inducements to cash or prompt customers.
J. L. & W. H. WAGGNER.
Sept. 5, '56

Ladies' Cloaks.
A LARGE and handsome stock just received and for sale cheap, by J. L. & W. H. WAGGNER.
Sept. 5, '56

THE PEOPLE'S BOOT AND SHOE STORE!
Wholesale and Retail.
HAVING taken the stand formerly occupied by F. P. WHITNEY, and thoroughly renovated it, I am prepared to accommodate all who want.

Boots and Shoes!
My stock is all new and the assortment very complete. Having been engaged in the business several years, it has given me an opportunity of knowing the best MANUFACTURERS, and of those only I purchased my stock. Their work I have confidence in, as it has always given the purchaser entire satisfaction; and it shall always be my rule to have nothing that I have not found reliable from thorough trial.

PARTICULAR attention paid in regard to keeping up the assortment in kind and sizes.
THE LADIES will find a great variety of Gaiters, Boots, Bussins, and Slippers. The stock is always well accommodated with fine sewed and pegged Boots, Gaiters, and Shoes. Heavy work for Negro men and women, Misses, Boys, Youth, and Children's Shoes of every variety and quality. Call and examine for yourselves, and you will find that the "People's shoe store" is the place. On Main street, nearly opposite the Court House. REPAIRING promptly attended to in the best manner.
C. E. FARRAND.
N. B. Country Dealers will find me prepared to fill all orders for Boots and Shoes of every description on as good terms as they can purchase at Louisville or Cincinnati. Leather and Shoe Findings constantly on hand.
C. E. F.
Sept. 5, '56

AT COST!
I HAVE a lot of fine Silk and Fur HATS; also a lot of Carpet-Bags, which I am selling at precisely cost.
C. E. FARRAND.
Sept. 5, '56

FOR SALE.
I HAVE about 75 Acres of CORN in the field, which I will sell on reasonable terms. Any one wishing to purchase the Corn for Hogs, can feed it on the premises if they desire it.
I have also about 75 Acres of good BLUE GRASS, which I wish to rent out.
JAS. H. SLAUGHTER.
Boyle co., Sept. 5, '56

CRAB ORCHARD SPRINGS.
FANCY BALL.
THERE will be a grand FANCY BALL, at the Crab Orchard Springs, on Friday, Sept. 5th, 1856.
JOHN H. CALDWELL, Proprietor.
aug 29, '56

1856 FALL STOCK. 1856

NEW GOODS

FOR FALL & WINTER.

WELSH & NICHOLS.

WE are now receiving our immense stock of Fall and Winter Goods, purchased from the largest importing houses in the Eastern cities, and to be sold at low prices. The stock embraces the greatest variety—

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.
Of innumerable different styles and prices. Laces, Ribbons, Embroideries, Cloaks, Trimmings, and every other article for Ladies' wear. We have an unusually large supply of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings.

Staple Goods, and Goods for servants' wear, to all of which we invite the attention of buyers. Our stock also of—

ROOTS AND SHOES.
Is the largest ever brought to Danville, and can be recommended as being of superior manufacture. Purchasers are invited to call and see our Goods, as we are prepared to suit them in quantity, style, quality, and assortment.

WELSH & NICHOLS.
Sept. 5, '56

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.
OUR new stock of Hardware, Cutlery, Iron, &c., &c., enables us to offer great inducements to purchasers in that line. Carpenter's Tools, and Builders' Hardware, of every description, constantly on hand. Also, Window Glass, Paints and Oils.

China, Glass, and Queensware.
A LARGE stock, embracing every quality, just opened by WELSH & NICHOLS.

GROCERIES.
PRIME New Orleans, Crushed, and Powdered Sugars; Java, Lagayras, and Rio Coffee; Green and Black Teas; Molasses, Mackerel, Spices and everything else in the Grocery line, can be found at WELSH & NICHOLS.
Sept. 5, '56

CARPETS, WALL PAPER, AND CURTAIN GOODS!
WE request the special attention of purchasers to our new stock of the above articles, as we can furnish them with any and every style. WELSH & NICHOLS.
Sept. 5, '56

CORN KNIVES!
WELSH & NICHOLS have just received a large supply of Corn Knives of excellent quality.
Sept. 5, '56

GREAT ARRIVAL
For the Fall Trade.

Fall and Winter DRY GOODS,
Which were purchased with great care, of the largest and most fashionable houses, and are of the latest and most fashionable styles, to which we invite the attention of those in want of them.

Cheap and Desirable Goods.
And think it will pay them to look through our stock before buying, as we intend selling them at prices and on terms that will be satisfactory. Our stock of—

Silks, DeLains, Embroideries and Dress Goods generally.
Is complete and very handsome. Our stock of Prints, Certain Goods, Blankets, Gingham, Window Shades, Cloths, Irish Linens, Oil Cloths, Cassimeres, Bleached Cottons, Vestings, Hoop Skirts, Boots and Shoes, Ready-Made Clothing, HATS, CAPS, &c., &c. Will be found better than ever. W. B. MORROW & CO.
Sept. 5, '56

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office at Danville, Ky., Aug. 31, 1856:

Armstrong, Dr.	Hartford, Ira B.
Adams, J. W.	Harris, Mrs. Polly
Alderson, James	Jack, John G.
Broadwell, Dr.	Johnson, Nelson
Blake, E. W.	Johnston, Mrs. R. R.
Battle, H. H.	Harlett, F. B.
Bolling, R. C.	Jones, Miss Arabella
Brice, John	Johnson, Younger
Brown, Steward	Jarvis, John D.
Byrnes, Michael	Kling, Wm. D.
Howman, Wm. R.	Kearse, Wm. R.
Bishop, Alex	Kiesinger, John
Bowman, Wm	Kimball, Miss Margaret
Burtou, John	Kling, E. C.
Berton, John	Mudd, Mrs. E.
Bartolomew, M. D.	McGinnis, R. S.
Buster, Garret	Miller, G. W.
Baldy, Jr. P.	Meginnis, Harrison
Blunt, Chas	McGurk, Mrs. Sarah
Blanton, H. H.	Morgan, Mrs. Alice
Bourne, Jas. Milton	Montgomery, Jr., R.
Bentley, James	Melroy, Mrs. Sarah
Brown, Mrs. Fannie	Page, Miss Adelle A.
Curtin, Thomas C.	Posey, T. R.
Certain, Jacob	Porter, James H.
Christopher, Chas	Phillips, Miss Sarah M.
Curtis, James	Page, A. E.
Curtley, V. G.	Frewitt, Major W. B.
Dann, R. W.	Pond, John G.
Davis, Wm. H.	Reany, Jno
Davis, S. H.	Robinson, Miss Ann
Davis, Jno M.	Ryle, John
Dante, Vincenzo	Ryall, Wm. H.
Dugan, David	Sale, Wm.
Elliott, Thomas	Shirabury & Bruce
Edgerton, Eli P.	Seantlin, Miss Jane
Eggleston, A. B.	Sims, Miss Benna
Fitch, W. H.	Scott, Mrs. Margaret J.
Fitzsimons, James	Sturm, W. L. S.
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